



# How to Paint a Newly-Plastered Ceiling and Walls with a Mist Coat for a Long-Lasting Finish [CHECKLIST]

<https://blog.fantasticservices.com/paint-newly-plastered-ceiling/>

For a problem-free paint project, we've prepared a thorough checklist. Make sure you've got the right materials and tools before starting your painting project.

Check	Tools and Materials	Why Do You Need Them?
<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>A paint roller and extension pole*</b>	Create a safer, more productive and faster painting experience when your feet are on the ground. You can opt for medium 3/8" nap roller covers and a 12-15' roller. When shopping, bear in mind that shorter roller fibres allow a more even coverage, which is essential for the fresh plaster preparation.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Paint brush or corner roller*</b>	Have it in hand to help you paint ceiling corners and edges around doors, window frames, and skirtingboards more precisely.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Paint tray</b>	Get a metal or plastic tray for easy paint loading and unloading.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Paint-protective equipment</b>	Safety glasses, mask, hat, gloves and protective dust sheets to make the floor safe from paint splashes and general mishaps.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Step ladder</b>	Chose one with non-slip steps and a lightweight design for exceptional support.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Scaffolding</b>	Provides a more stable surface to cope with the plaster sanding. If it is a one-time project, it's best to rent the equipment.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Moisture meter (Optional)</b>	Rent one if you are unsure about whether the plaster is still damp.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Clean water</b>	Necessary for preparing a watered-down emulsion.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Masking tape</b>	Use it to create a tighter seal around the edges and to avoid a bad paint job (if needed).
<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Tape measure</b>	Necessary to check the surface length and width and to know exactly how much paint you will need. For further information, refer to the calculators we've featured in the post.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>2 Clean containers or 2 buckets</b>	To mix paint and to add clean, cold water (1 for the mist coat and 1 for the top coat).
<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Paint</b>	When priming a newly-plastered walls and ceilings, opt for a cheap, acrylic (non-vinyl) paint. It's recommended that you purchase both the emulsion paint and top coat from the same brand. Thus, it will be much easier to match the colours of the different paint layers. Make sure you get special paint for the ceiling and/or walls application.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Hole filler and filling knife</b>	To fill in any small holes and dips in the mist-coated plaster (if any).
<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Mid-grade sandpaper</b>	To rub down any marks and scratches on the surface. When you select a low-grit (under 80) or finer sandpaper, you risk creating scratches.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Wooden paint-stirring stick</b>	Use for mixing or stirring paint.

\*For better finishing results, make sure you have changed the brush and roller to avoid any risks related to leftover contaminating residue.